

Bell Work:

Given two terms of an arithmetic sequence, find a_1 and d .

$$a_3 = 5 \quad a_5 = 11$$

n

$$5 = a_1 + (3-1)d$$

$$5 = a_1 + 6$$

$$a_1 = -1$$

$$a_n = a_1 + (n-1)d$$

$$\frac{11+5}{2} = 8 = a_4$$

$$\frac{11-5}{2} = \frac{6}{2} = 3$$

$$d = 3$$

Geometric Sequences

Determine whether each sequence is geometric. If so, find the common ratio.

4, 8, 12, 16...

No

1, 0.5, 0.25, 0.125...

Yes

$$r = \frac{1}{2}$$

64, -32, 16, -8...

Yes

$$r = -\frac{1}{2}$$

Geometric Sequence formulas

Recursive $\rightarrow a_n = a_{n-1} \cdot r$

Explicit $\rightarrow a_n = a_1 \cdot r^{n-1}$

a_1 = first term

r = common ratio

n = term #

$n=10$
 Find the tenth term of each geometric sequence.

-5, 25, -125, ...

$$a_n = -5(-5)^{n-1}$$

$$a_{10} = 9765625$$

0.3, 0.6, 1.2, ...

$$a_n = 0.3(2)^{n-1}$$

$$a_{10} = 153.6$$

$$a_n = (r)^{n-1}$$

$\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \dots$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{4}(2)^{n-1}$$

$$a_{10} = 128$$

The deer population in an area is increasing. This year, the population was 1.025 times last year's population of 2537. - 2.5%

- a. Assuming that the population increases at the same rate for the next few years, write an explicit formula for the sequence.
- b. Find the expected deer population for the fourth year of the sequence.

$$a) a_n = 2537(1.025)^{n-1}$$

$$b) a_4 = 2537(1.025)^3$$

$$a_4 = 2733 \text{ deer}$$

Find the missing term of each geometric sequence. It could be the geometric mean or its opposite.

$$9, \square, 16, \dots$$

$$9 \cdot 16 = 144$$

$$\sqrt{144} = \boxed{\pm 12}$$

$$3, \square, 12, \dots$$

$$\sqrt{36} = \pm 6$$

$$4, \square, 5.76, \dots$$

$$\sqrt{23.04}$$

$$\pm 4.8$$

Identify each sequence as *arithmetic*, *geometric*, or *neither*. Then find the next two terms.

$-1, 0, -2, -5, \dots$

Neither

$-9, -14$

$-3, 2, 7, 12, \dots$

Arithmetic

$17, 22$

$1, -2, 3, -4, \dots$

neither

$5, -6$

Write an explicit formula for each sequence. Then generate the first three terms.

$$a_n = a_1 (r)^{n-1}$$

$$a_1 = 5, r = 3$$

$$a_n = 5(3)^{n-1}$$

5, 15, 45

$$a_1 = -2, r = -3$$

$$a_n = -2(-3)^{n-1}$$

-2, 6, -18

$$a_1 = 2187, r = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$a_n = 2187 \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{n-1}$$

2187, 729, 243

Find the missing terms of each geometric sequence. (*Hint: The geometric mean of positive first and fifth terms is the third term. Some terms might be negative.*)

$$-9, \square, \square, \square, -2304$$

$$\sqrt{-9(-2304)} = 144$$

$$\sqrt{-9(-144)}$$

$$\sqrt{-144(-2304)}$$

$$a_1 = -9$$

$$a_2 = \pm 36$$

$$a_3 = -144$$

$$a_4 = \pm 576$$

$$a_5 = -2304$$