Bell Work:

What are the three properties of logarithms?

Natural Logarithms

Write each expression as a single natural logarithm.

$$1. \frac{1}{2} \ln 9 + \ln 3x$$
 $\ln 9^{\frac{1}{2}} + \ln 3x$
 $\ln 3 + \ln 3x$
 $\ln 9x$

2.
$$\frac{1}{3} \ln 8 - \ln x$$
 $\ln 8 - \ln x$
 $\ln 2 - \ln x$

Solve each equation. Check your answers. Round your answer to the nearest hundredth.

3)
$$2 \ln (3x-4) = 7$$

 $1 \wedge (3x-4) = 3.5$
 $3x-4=e^{3.5}+9$
 $x=e^{3.5}+9$
 $x=(2.37)$

3)
$$2 \ln (3x-4) = 7$$
 (4) $-7 + \ln 2x = 4$ (5) $\ln x + \ln 3x = 14$
 $\ln (3x-4) = 3.5$ $\ln (3x-4)$

$$\ln x + \ln 3x = 14$$

$$\ln 3 \times^{2} = 14$$

$$3 \times^{2} = e^{14}$$

$$3 \times^{2} = e^{14}$$

$$19$$

$$2 = e^{14}$$

$$3 \times = 5e^{14}$$

$$3 \times = 33.14$$

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$$\lim e^x = 3$$

(8)
$$7 \ln (2x+5) = 8$$

$$\ln (2x+5) = 8$$

$$2x+5 = e^{8/7}$$

$$2x = e^{8/7} - 5$$

$$x = e^{8/7} - 5$$

Use natural logarithms to solve each equation. Round your answer to the nearest hundredth.

9)
$$e^{x} = 15$$
 10) $e^{x-4} = 2$ 11) $e^{x} = 1$
 $x = 1 \cdot 15$ $x = 1 \cdot 2$ $x = 6$
 $x = 2.71$ $x = 4.69$

12)
$$3e^{3x-5} = 49$$

 $e^{3x-5} = \frac{49}{3}$
 $3x-5 = \ln \frac{49}{3}$
 $3x-\ln \frac{49}{3} + 5$
 $x=2.60$

Simplify each expression using the properties of natural logarithms.

 $\left(\left(6 \right) \right) \frac{\ln 2}{2} = \frac{2}{2} = \left(\frac{2}{2} \right)$