

Section 4: Quadratic Equations and Functions – Part 1

Section 4 – Topic 1

Real-Life Examples of Quadratic Functions

What can be said of the rate of change of a linear function?

- slope - constant

Which of the following are examples of a quadratic function?
Select all that apply.

- A car is driven at a constant rate of 55 mph. The graph shows the car's distance over a specific time period.
- A water balloon is dropped from a 3rd floor balcony. The graph shows the balloon's height over the time period after the balloon is dropped.
- A quarterback throws a football. The graph shows the football's height over the time period after the football is thrown.
- A class is taking a field trip to see Les Miserables. The student ticket price is \$10. The graph shows the total cost based on the number of students attending.
- A diver jumps from a high dive platform. The graph shows the diver's height over the time period after he jumps.

A quadratic equation is used for a free-falling body where any effects of air resistance are ignored and the coefficient for the quadratic term is constant based on the gravitational force of the earth, -16 ft/sec^2 or -4.9 m/sec^2 .

$$f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$$

Gravity Initial Velocity Initial Height

Suppose a volleyball player serves from one meter behind the back line. If no other player touches the ball, it will land inbounds. The equation $h = -4.9t^2 + 3.28t + 1.7$ gives the ball's height, h , in meters in terms of time, t , in seconds.

We can infer several things about this situation by looking at the quadratic function that models it.

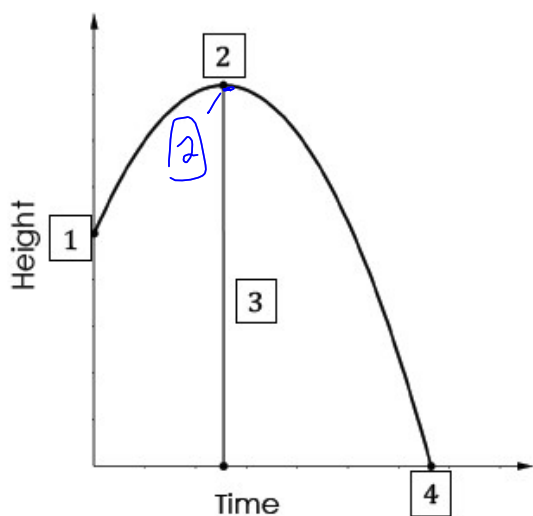
From what height was the ball served?

1.7 m

What was the initial velocity of the ball?

3.28 m/s

We can also gather information about a quadratic function by looking at a graph.



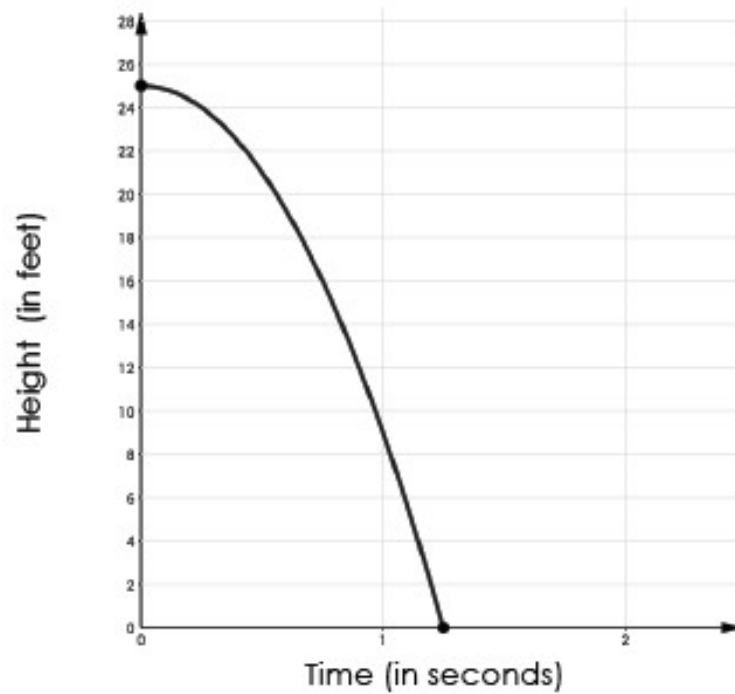
Box 1: Initial Height

Box 2: Vertex - maximum height

Box 3: Axis of Symmetry time at the max height

Box 4: x -Intercept - time it took to hit ground

The following graph represents the height over time of a water balloon being dropped from a 3rd story window.



From what height was the water balloon dropped?

25 ft

After how many seconds does the water balloon hit the ground?

1.25 seconds

Try It!

1. Suppose a rocket is launched from a platform. The equation $h = -4.9t^2 + 200t + 25$ gives the rocket's height, h , in meters in terms of time, t , in seconds.

- a. What was the initial velocity of the rocket?

$$200 \text{ m/s}$$

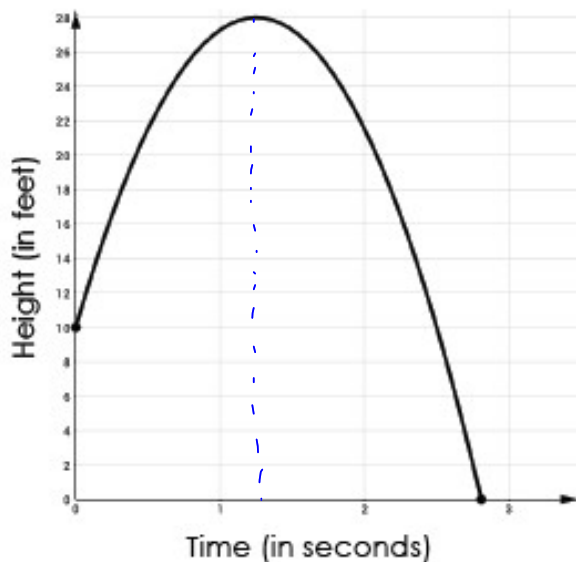
- b. From what height was the rocket launched?

$$25 \text{ m}$$

- c. If we measure the height in feet, how would the function change? What would be the gravity coefficient?

It would reach a maximum then fall to the ground
gravity = -4.9 m/s^2

2. The following graph represents the height over time of a ball tossed into the air from a first story balcony.



- a. From what height was the ball tossed?

10 ft

- b. What was the maximum height of the ball?

28 ft

- c. How long did it take the ball to reach its maximum height?

1.25 seconds

BEAT THE TEST!

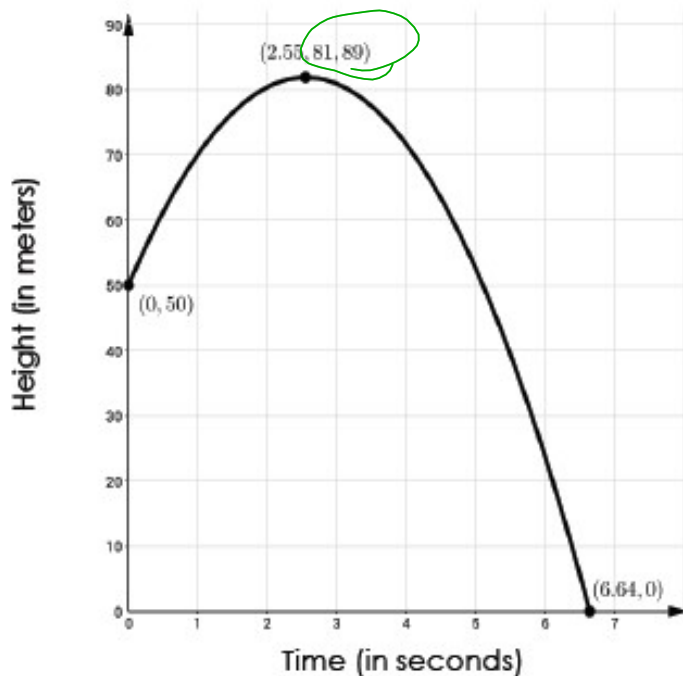
1. A ball is tossed in the air with an initial velocity of 12 feet per second from a height of 5.5 feet. Which of the following equations represents the ball's height, h , in feet over time, t , in seconds.

- Ⓐ $h = -12t^2 + 5.5$
Ⓑ $h = -16t^2 + 5.5$
Ⓒ $h = -16t^2 + 12t + 5.5$
Ⓓ $h = -4.9t^2 + 12t + 5.5$

$$at^2 + bt + c$$
$$+ 12t + 5.5$$

gravity
 $- 16 \text{ ft/s}^2$
 $- 4.9 \text{ m/s}^2$

fired from a cannon from the roof of a high-rise building.



Which of the following statements are true? Select all that apply.

- The cannon was fired from a height of 25 meters.
- The initial velocity of the projectile was 4.9 meters per second squared.
- It took the projectile approximately 2.6 seconds to reach its maximum height.
- The maximum height of the projectile was 50 feet.
- It took the projectile approximately 6.6 seconds to hit the ground.

